The Saturday Evening Post.

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CONDITIONS.

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Subscribers will have the privilege to insert an advertisement, throughout the year, to the extent of half a square, at two dollars additional—with the customary allowance for renewals and alterations. Non-subscribers to pay at the rate of one dollar per square for three insertions.

A Letter Box will be found at the gate (No. 53 Market street) where Advertisements and Communications may be deposited—or they will be carefully received in the Office back.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

SORROW.

Mark yonder form—the child of dark'ning care,
It looks dejected, haggard, and forlorn—
His wan cheek trembling 'neath a trickling tear—
The faded semblance of a rosy morn.

Dark is that look—it seems to blight his soul,
And veil the light which heavenly minds should shed;
'Tis a worm his pow'r can scarce control—
The heavy cloud by life's dark vapours fed.

Yet mark—tho' dull the look, a latent gleam
Steals softly from beneath that heavy frown;
'Tis sweet Retrospect's smile; Hope's genial beam
Which cheers the heart with care desponding down.

He is a friend my soul can truly prize,
For I can tell the pains of worldly care;
His generous heart can throb and sympathize
With those who feel the shafts of fell despair.

He's a friend I love; from him I know
That peace can dwell in hearts by tempests riven;
That he who meets with COLD NEGLECT below,
From earthly cares, can seek the balm of Heaven.

PASQUIN.

June 24th, 1822.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

WOMAN.—*In answer to Mordant.*

When on the stage of Life we first appear,
As helpless babes, not knowing why we weep,
Who bids to rest, who wipes the falling tear,
And anxious guards the cradle while we sleep?
'Tis lovely WOMAN, to whose care we owe
Life's first delights: our first relief from woe.

When the wild school-boy, scheming nought but fun,
Draws by his pranks his father's anger down,
Who intercedes so kindly for her son,
And disconcerts at length the dreaded frown?
'Tis fond MOTHER turns our grief to joy,
And mildly chides her dear repentant boy.

Our boyhood past, how joyful seems the world
If a kind fair one doth our love return;
For from this heighth of happiness we're hurl'd,
If without hope our youthful bosoms burn.
For a kind word the youthful lover sighs;
I granted lives—but if denied he dies!

When seeking fame, we forth to battle go;
While tir'd of marching thro' the deep defile,
What cheers the way, what makes our bosoms glow
With martial ardour, and on danger smile?
'Tis not fame only we so dearly prize,
But beams of love from beauty's sparkling eyes.

The fire of youth extinguished, manhood's calm
Succeeds, and stamps with dignity his frame;
Then with a Wife, life's dreary road to charm,
Tho' seems delight, unhappiness a name;
This lovely WOMAN softens ev'ry care:
In her but smile, why all the world looks fair.

Slowly declining in the vale of years,
Man's helpmate still the dreary hours beguiles;
With anxious care his evening age she cheers,
When fretful soothes him with a placid smile;
With love and friendship join'd life glides away,
Years seem like months, a month but as a day.

But if, in helpless age, he's doom'd to grieve
His partner gone, why life no longer charms;
A Daughter's pious care his pains relieve,
Till he expires, supported in her arms;
Even in death, a WOMAN'S virtues prove
The source of countless pleasure, peace and love.

OSCAR.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

STANZAS.

From her fields of budding roses,
Spring with hasty step retires,
And the green that earth discloses,
Deepens by the Summer's fires.

Nature warm'd thro' earth and ocean,
Sees her thousand flow'rets rise,
And the incense of devotion
Finds a welcome in the skies.

Tho' the hues which Spring may nourish,
Fade and die at Summer's door,
There are beauties which will flourish,
When her latest bloom is o'er.

But, when all her golden splendors
Shed their last refulgent ray,
Autumn's mournful habit renders
Every scene as blest as they.

Tho' her winds of cold and sadness,
Paint each forest waving tree
Hers are hours of mental gladness
Dearer far than all to me.

ARIEL.

June, 1822

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

TO "D."

O, think not from the "cup" there's bliss,
Which proves an antidote for sorrow;
To-day it seems to ease distress,
But, ah! its pains will come to-morrow.

O, hallow not the "Goblet," —No;
Nor revel in its pleasing folly;
'Tis sure a pledge of future woe
That wraps the soul in melancholly.

PASQUIN.

June 25th, 1822.

Moral and Religious.

"There is joy in Heaven over one Sinner that repenteth"

Sweet, dearest Anna, is that tear,
It speaks a sinner's soul forgiv'n;
An angel caught a prize so dear,
And bore it to the gates of Heaven.

He clapped his wings of shining white,
And told the tale all flushed with joy;
How did the Saints and Sons of light,
At such an hour their time employ?

O! listen to the cheerful strain,
And drink the joyful tidings in;
Worthy the Lamb that once was slain,
To triumph over death and sin!

Heard'st thou that harp; 'tis mercy flings
Her snow-white hand o'er every chord;
Her plaintive voice salutes the strings,
In soft hosannahs to the Lord.

Bring forth the garments that adorn,
And hide the sinner's shame, she cries:
Another child of grace is born,
Welcome, thou stranger, to the skies!

Enter, O Pilgrim, and adore——
Now ransomed from thy sinful race;
For thee thy Saviour bleeds no more,
O, enter and behold his face.

[*Baltimore Morning Chronicle.*

"The fashion of the world passeth away."

Reader, thou wilt soon be classed with those who have gone before thee. A new generation will occupy the ground you now tread, and a friendly recollection, or a storied urn, be the only relict of thy busied life. Thy years, at most, are few! Thy hopes, if bounded by time's narrow limits, how visionary! Thy expectations, if circumscribed within life's little bound, how precarious! Thy—but, hold: 'man that is in honour abideth not.' Look around. Learn from what has been what may be. The tender grass, now merging into luxuriance, doomed by the frosts of the coming winter to fade and die, may open its ephemeral flower when thy head shall be beneath its sod—when the sun of thy mortal life shall be sunk beneath the horizon of time, and thy present possessions know thee no more forever. Thou hast other interests than the fleeting cares of the present world. Here thou art a passenger, a resident. Thou art identified only with the present moment, and a pilgrim and a sojourner as all thy fathers were. Let not the [illegible] beguile you of the more [illegible]

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

ALMANZOR.

The wild waves of the Darro washes the base of the tomb which rises over the ashes of Isabel De Lanos and the Moor Almanzor. In one of those struggles which eventually terminated in the expulsion of the Moors from Grenada, Almanzor fell wounded, gallantly fighting at the head of his legion, who panic struck at the misfortune of their leader, precipitately fled from the field of battle. Although one of that nation against whom the Spanish armies were arrayed, yet the humane feelings of a neighbouring cottager prompted him to offer an asylum beneath his roof, to the noble [illegible] cottage of Lope [illegible] one of the most scarcely obtruded itself on his memory, when he was one day called upon by a gentleman of a noble and prepossessing countenance, apparently in the meridian of life, who presented himself with many marks of distinguished respect towards him. "You have the advantage of me," said Edward, "I do not recollect of having the pleasure of seeing you before"

"Do you not," said the other, "remember, some two years back, on a tempestuous night, of being accosted rather cavalierly, and robb'd?"

"Yes, I do remember"—

"Then, I was that wretch."

"How!"

"Yes, sir; my fate seemed deeply involved in that eventful moment—but spare your astonishment for a while, and I will briefly relate the causes which influenced my actions, and led me so near the precipice of destruction. In early age I was left an orphan, and when arrived at manhood, I became possessed of my father's fortune, which was not inconsiderable, and, in consequence, attached myself to a young lady of merit, whose hand I soon afterwards obtained—But listen—I had a friend, at least I believed him so—who was cherished with all the fond affection of a brother—while I was nestling a viper in my bosom, who turned and bit the hand that fed him. By his artful machinations, I was induced to entrust my property entirely in his hands, for the purpose of entering into speculative schemes, which he flattered me would tend considerably to augment it. But the villain, as soon as an opportunity offered, decamped, and left me pennyless! The loss of property was, indeed, a sore affliction, yet the ingratitude of man preyed still heavier on my feelings. I visited those who, in former days, I had numbered among my most sincere associates, but they turned a deaf ear to my solicitations, and tauntingly advised me for the future to be more cautious. Never shall I forget the hour, after having sought in vain for some employment, to enable me to escape the threats of my creditors, and provide for the necessities of my family, I sought to allay the ferment in my breast, in some measure, from the cheering fortitude which animated the gentle consolations of my beloved partner. Who, though

"Want, worldly want, that hungry meagre fiend,"

stared us full in view, was ready to receive me with open arms—but my imagination pictured the anguish of her heart, which she vainly strove to conceal. My little children were asleep—for hunger had not entirely deprived them of this invigorating resource—but there was no food for them when they awoke—a thought rushed across my brain—the night, too, was favourable to my design. The moment I could escape, I seized a pistol and rushed from the house, and you were the first person whom a protecting genius threw in my way. With what followed you are already acquainted. The sum you gave preserved my wife and little children, while it afforded me time to get into business, and I trusted Providence would assist me in making ample remuneration to my benefactor. Six months ago, the man who had caused all my misery, died, and left me his sole property, as some recompence for the injuries I had suffered. Since which time, I have endeavoured to find you out, but could not satisfy myself until this day, when I recognized you entering this house."

——— it only remains to be said, that Edward and the [illegible] became ever after, firm and unshaken friends.

R. E.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

ALMANZOR.

The wild waves of the Darro washes the base of the tomb which rises over the ashes of Isabel De Lanos and the Moor Almanzor. In one of those struggles which eventually terminated in the expulsion of the Moors from Grenada, Almanzor fell wounded, gallantly fighting at the head of his legion, who panic struck at the misfortune of their leader, precipitately fled from the field of battle. Although one of that nation against whom the Spanish armies were arrayed, yet the humane feelings of a neighbouring cottager prompted him to offer an asylum beneath his roof, to the noble [illegible] cottage of Lope [illegible] one of the most

placid smile of nature beaming on the valley, the setting sun sparkling afar off on the bosom of the Darro, and the music of the castanet and sequidille to which the happy villagers were dancing on the green beneath him, were all in unison with his feelings.

One evening, it was the one preceding his departure to join the army, they had strolled to the river, and were resting on a seat raised on the banks, and Isabel was gazing on the moon just rising over the distant mountains, while Almanzor was painfully revolving in his mind, the improbability of his ever again visiting that lovely spot, of his ever again meeting the amiable being who sat beside him, when Isabel with a voice rendered softer by suppressed emotion, began singing the following lines:

The joys of childhood's sweetest day,
Have fled on feathery pinions fleet,
Those joys, alas! which never may,
To me again, their charms repeat.

The moon that sheds her silvery ray,
Across the heavens so starry bright,
Shall sink beneath the ocean's spray,
And plunge us in redoubled night.

Tho' sweetly glows the orange trees,
Beneath the summer's fervid ray,
But still, when winter loads the breeze,
Their leafy honours meet decay.

And ever thus———

At this moment the seat on which they reclined gave way and precipitated them into the river—The waves bore Isabel onward, and Almanzor in despair swam after her. But he was unequal to the conflict, and the fishermen of the Darro discovered them on the following morning locked in each others arms.—They erected this little cemetery over their grave and engraved on it

"THEY DIED TOGETHER."

RAYMOND.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

Guilt triumphant over Innocence,
OR THE
STORY OF EMMA SOMERTON.
[Continued.]

Advancing up the avenue that led to the house, he was immediately recognized by the elder Somerton as the son of one of his earliest and most intimate friends, and who had borne arms with him and been his fellow sufferer in many an adverse hour. With all the impatience of agitated feelings and revived recollection, he hastened to greet him, and the cordial smile and embrace of welcome spoke the undisguised sentiments of sincerity, and might have been a solace to the stranger, and made the sweets of hospitality doubly dear. Beldair, for so we shall call him, was immediately introduced to the younger part of the family; to Theodore he appeared to possess all those qualities which constitute the sum of individual beauty, the requisites of manly character, and the embellishments of mind; and the feelings of the innocent Emma convinced her heart that his presence had robbed that heart of its peace. Holy affection! where in nature is there tie more binding, sweet, or pure than that which distinguishes thee! what rapture equal to thine when reciprocated—or where is the enjoyment that is like to thine, when thy first dawning gleams on the unspotted heart of youth, that beats in all the fervency of nature and of truth! Had I the tongue of a seraph I would glory in thy praise—with the pen of a mortal I will pourtray the baneful influence of that villainy that set at naught the loveliest of thy emanations, and sacrificed at the shrine of detested passion, the fairest feelings that was ever owned by thee. But to quit this involuntary digression, and resume my narrative. Beldair was, [illegible] would, what is called [illegible] uncontrolled desire. He saw the necessity of caution, and was resolved to act the studied part of deception. To the happy inmates of ———, his conversation was animated and refined, evincing a perfect knowledge of the world, and an intimate acquaintance with all that characterise the man of honour and of taste: but all this was as so many arrows levelled against the peace of Emma, whose retiring looks and soul-felt sigh spoke the very language of the heart. In the language of love Beldair was well versed—his respectful looks of humble adoration, were but too well interpreted by the unsuspecting Emma, and caused many a blush to mantle o'er her cheek of white. Her modest glances when she withdrew, struck to the heart of Beldair, and he already felt the pleasure of his triumph.

A pressing invitation by Theodore to return was instantly acceded to by Beldair, and he departed on his march, well pleased with the issue of his visit. Some of the important duties of his station discharged, he again found himself at leisure, and his thoughts naturally bent towards the village of D———. He was not long debating on his excursion, but instantly set out unaccompanied by any one, and reached a solitary house about nightfall, a few miles from the place of his destination. Resolved not to loose a moment he again pressed onward: the night was extremely dark, and he was in imminent danger from the roughness of the road, which caused his horse to stumble very frequently, and added to his master's impatience, that it deprived the animal of its speed.

Vexed at the delay occasioned by these circumstances, it was with difficulty he could restrain the natural impatience of his temper from venting itself on the unoffending animal, on which he was mounted, whose speed could not be quickened by the most strenuous exertions of his impatient rider.—At length, growing careless he resigned the reins, and barely maintained his seat in the saddle, wearied with his unceasing exertions to quicken the movements of his horse. In a mood of frequently interrupted meditation he passed slowly along: the probable result of his visit to the Somerton's was often revolved in his mind; that he should shortly again behold the features of Emma, was the thought that kept chief possession of his soul: that he should enjoy her society and the light of her smile, was the desirable theme that inspired all that soul with the fulness of hope and the sweets of anticipation: his heart acknowledged that she alone was the object that incited his steps to the village of D———; and he felt the force of her attraction growing stronger the nearer he approached her long-desired presence. A sudden start of his horse recalled his attention to the external circumstances of his situation, and looking down he discovered that his progress was arrested by the figure of a man whose face was masked and whose dress indicated a similar intention of disguise. Beldair imperiously demanded of him his intention in thus presuming to stop him on his way, but received no other answer than the exclamation, "your money or your life!" Not being in a mood to comply with either of these extravagant demands, and perceiving at once the precariousness of his situation, Beldair deliberately drew forth a pistol from his holster, but in the act of levelling it, was himself levelled with the ground by a ball from the pistol of another ruffian, who perceiving his intention, was not long in securing the safety of his companion. Beldair was materially injured but not mortally: he was however unable to rise, which gave the robbers an opportunity to effectuate their design of plunder, in the act of which they were disagreeably surprized by the appearance of two horsemen whom the report of the pistol had brought to the spot. The villains fled, carrying with them but a small compensation for the mischief it appeared likely they had caused: and the strangers immediately hastened to the relief of the wounded man, whose misfortune awakened all their compassion. It was not long before a recognition took place, and Beldair found to his great joy that the youth whom Providence had sent to his succour was no other than the brother of the lovely Emma—Theodore Somerton. [*To be continued.*]

The Ladies' Friend.

"But she was naught to me,
More than that potent work of God's invention,
A charming Woman, whom we like to see."

BYRON.

As it will be accorded by all men who are alive to the pleasures of good society, that we derive most of our happiness from the social charms of women, it certainly should be an important desideratum with those to whom are entrusted the education and improvement of the [illegible]

PUBLIC SALES.

BY COMLY & TEVIS, Auc'rs.
No. 73 Market street.

On Wednesday morning, at 9 o'clock, on a credit of 60 days, for approved notes,

A large assortment of fresh imported and seasonable DRY GOODS, in lots.

Also, a quantity of Domestic Sheetings, Shirtings, Cassinets, &c.

DRY GOODS.

On Saturday morning next, at 9 o'clock, will be sold, on a credit,

An extensive assortment of DRY GOODS, suitable to the season.

WM. WALLACE.

No 22 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

Has Received of the late Arrivals,

TEN cases of LEGHORN, containing an assortment of Mens', Womens' and Childrens' Hats and Bonnets, which will be sold by the case, dozen or otherwise, as low as they can be bought in the city.

ALSO,

Fashionable Winter Bonnets, White Chip and American Straw do. Feathers, Flowers, Bobbands, Trimmings, &c.

1 case super. black and colored Bombazeens,
1 do. Elegant Merino Shawls and Scarfs,
5 do. Nankin and Canton Crapes,
1 do. new stile Merino pattern Furniture Chintz,
Irish Linens, Sheetings, and Diapers,
An assortment of French and India Silks, Lace Veils, Shawls, &c.
4-4 Ingrain Carpeting, 4-4 English Ingrain Hemp do. a new and superior article.

With a variety of other articles in the Dry Goods and Military line. dec 27—tf

Wholesale and Retail Brewery.

THE Subscriber informs his friends and the public, that they can be supplied with FRESH BEER and ALE, at the following prices, viz. from five gallons and upwards, at the rate of 18¾ cents per gallon—Table Beer at 6¼ cents per gallon, Yeast, &c. WM. STEVENS,

No 64, corner of Gray's alley and Front street.
sept 15—tf

DAVID EVANS,

OF the late firm of David and Joseph Evans, has Opened a Commission MOROCCO and LEATHER STORE, No. 27 *Chesnut street*, between Second and Front streets, Philadelphia, where he will sell all kinds of Leather on Commission for Country Tanners and others, and always keeps a general assortment of Morocco, of various colours, on hand—he likewise purchases Spanish Hides and Tanners Oil for those who may want. A large assortment of GOAT SKINS is expected shortly, on consignment.

Being brought up to the Tanning and Currying the subscribers himself a judge of Leather and Hides. He will also receive SHOES to sell on Commission. *All which will be attended to with Edelity.* feb 2—tf

DAVID COGGINS,

AT HIS LEATHER AND HIDE STORE, No. 80, Chesnut Street, has just received, by the late arrivals, and for sale at the lower terms, large supplies of SPANISH HIDES, of various qualities, well selected and in fine order.

N. B.—Joseph Coggins has on hand 2000 pairs City made strong Shoes, first and second quality, wholesale or retail. may 13—tf

NO. 57, MARKET STREET.

Cast Steel Scythes, Sickles, &c.

THE most approved makes of Grass and Corn SCYTHES, cut and wrought NAILS, with a general assortment of HARDWARE and CUTLERY, for sale by the Subscriber, cheap for cash, Wholesale or Retail.

Thomas Shipley.

april 27—tf

Richard Spragg, Jr.

RESPECTFULLY informs his Friends and the Public in general, that he has taken out a Commission for the Sale of [illegible]

London Female Fashions for May.

MORNING DRESS.—A round dress composed of batiste, the bottom of the skirt is embroidered in a running pattern of pennees, in yellow silk, surmounted by a wreath of the same flower disposed in a wave. High body, to fasten behind, and with a little fullness at the bottom of the back; the bust is plain, and is cut moderately high on the shoulder; the waist the usual length. Long sleeve, very tight, and finished by a pointed cuff, the points turned upwards, and are edged with yellow satin. Full ruff spanlette, cut in slashes, which are filled with satin to correspond with the trimmings. A very full composed of British lace, completely envelopes the throat. The head dress is a demi corsette, made of blond meuil, and trimmed with yellow gauze ribbons; the form is remarkably simple and elegant. Black kid shoes and gloves are made to correspond with the trimming of the dress.

FULL DRESS.—Round dress, composed of tulle, over a white satin slip; the bottom of the skirt is finished by a garniture of tulle intermixed with pearls; this is surmounted by a trimming composed of tulle, chenille, and pearls, disposed in sinecuate wreaths of corn flowers, and roses; this trimming has a striking and elegant effect.—The corsage is cut low, and in such a manner as to give considerable width to the chests it is tight to the shape. Three falls of tourterelle points go entirely round the bust. Sleeve composed of tulle over white satin; it is short and full, and ornamented with points to correspond. The front hair is dressed in light full ringlets, which fall very low at the sides of the face. The hind hair is arranged in bows somewhat higher than it has lately been worn. Head-dress, a very full plume of ostrich feathers, and a pearl sprig. Necklace and earrings, pearl. White kid gloves, and white gros de Naples shoes.

Foreign Intelligence.

The latest accounts from London are up to the 15th of May, and Irish papers to the 18th, have been received. Recent arrivals at New-York furnishes us with many particulars relative to the famine existing in Ireland, and the measures which have been adopted in consequence thereof to check the evil, and other valuable information, of which we have selected as much as our limits would admit.

The Belfast News Letter, of the 14th. of May, gives an abstract of Parliamentary proceedings up to the 10th. and an account of the meeting held in London on the 7th. for devising measures to relieve the starving population of a part of Ireland. Five thousand pounds were subscribed in a few hours, and the London editors asserted that it would soon be augmented to fifty thousand pounds.

The committee had already remitted 2600*l.* to Ireland; and benevolent individuals were sending provisions. One lady had sent 40 tons of potatoes, and 10 barrels of herring. It was reported that the government intended to supply the wants of the people, by sending from England large quantities of grain, rice, and American flour. The Irish editor opposes this measure, as he says there is grain enough in Ireland (oats) to supply all their necessities, and the government should purchase *there*. Foreign flour and rice, he contends, should not be introduced where they have oats enough of their own.

A meeting was to be held at Belfast, for similar objects to that held in London.

His Grace the Right Hon. and the Hon William Stewart, D. D. Lord Arch Bishop of Armagh, and Primate of Ireland, died on the 6th of May, in consequence of laudanum having been administered to him by mistake. He was born in Feb. 1755. It is rumoured that the present Arch Bishop of Dublin is to succeed Dr. S and the Arch Bishop of Tuam be removed to the sea of Dublin.

A London article of May 9, says a letter has been [illegible] of whom he caused to be strangled, and sent the others on board the fleet.

One Oriental Spectator says—"There have lately arrived here (at Smyrna) strict orders from the Sultan, addressed to the local authorities in which they are enjoined to maintain the most perfect order, and to punish with instant death any persons whatever, who shall disturb the public tranquility."

It appears by advices received at Antwerp on the 7th. ultimo, that the plague had broken out at Constantinople, were it was making great ravages. It had extended as far as Pera and to the fort, and a great number of Europeans had fallen victims to it.

GREECE.—A letter from Zante of the 26th of March, sets forth that Thermopylæ is exhibiting a new scene of glory—Ulysses triumphing over the enemies of Greece. The famous Vizier of Larissa has fallen in battle. This chief, the most powerful of the Satraps since the death of Ali Tebelen, had marched from Constantinople at the head of 8000 infantry, 4000 cavalry and 800 artillery. At the defile of Thessaly a general engagement took place, and the Turks left on the field of battle 3000 dead, 9 pieces of cannon, and the body of Drama Mahomet Pacha. The wreck of their army got into Zeitoun where they are besieged. After this victory, the principal cities of Thessaly raised the standard of independence.

Another Greek by the name of Lacurgus appeared at the head of the Samians in Dec. and succeeded in throwing off the Turkish yoke.

The president of the Greek congress has notified to the regents of the European powers that all the ports of Crete are in a state of blockade.

The Lord Commissioner of the Ionian Isles has sent a message to the commander of the Greek fleet that he is not to sail on the coast of Epirus.

The Greek peasantry in Thessaly have resolved to declare open war against the Turks, and have joined the Greek confederation. An army is said to have been raised, under the title of the Army of Macedonia, composed of 7,000 men, and commanded by experienced captains. This army proceeded, in the first instance, to occupy the defiles of Mount Olympus, the valley of Tempe, and the banks of Peneus; and thence, their numbers increasing on their march, traversed the country as far as Kilidderren, on the sea coast. It then commenced the siege of Borrhoe. A body of Turks, sent to its relief by the Pacha of Salonichi, were defeated, and the place surrendered on the 24th March. The new insurrection has compelled Chourschid Pacha to relinquish his plan of marching to the relief of Patras.

The accounts from St. Petersburgh, are of the 7th. April, and decidedly warlike. The equipages of the Grand Dukes, who wish to accompany the Russian guards, had been forwarded to Minsk; those of Alexander were not to be forwarded until he joined the army, which he was only prevented doing by the non arrival of M. Tatitscheff, who, however, was hourly expected.

The Dutch papers are full of details, highly consolatory, respecting the triumph which every where attend the Grecian arms. The subscriptions in aid of their cause in Russia alone, amounted to 900,000 rubles.

Roman Catholic Peers.—The parish of Saint Olave, Southwark, resolved on Tuesday to petition parliament against the admission of Catholic Peers to the House of Lords.

Earl Grosvenor, whose property in mines is very considerable, is reported to have sustained a loss of 100,000*l.* by the defalcation of a confidential agent, who is said to have quitted the kingdom.—*Leeds Intelligencer.*

The Abbe Sicard, the celebrated Director of the Institution of the Deaf and Dumb, died in Paris, on the 10th of May, at the advanced age of eighty.

Accounts from Smyrna to the 9th of April, state, that from 15 to 20 Greeks were daily murdered, and on that day no less than 40 of these unfortunate men had fallen victims to popular frenzy. All the shops continued closed and no business transacted.

In France, the elections are going on in favour of the liberals. Of the eight deputies for the department which embraces Paris six were patriots.—Some disturbances have broken out in Spain, but they appear not to be formidable. A party of the insurgents had passed into France, and were instantly disarmed by the Cordon Sanitaire stationed on the frontiers.—An evidence in favour of the good faith of the French government.

The Prince and Princess of Denmark, (they are [illegible]

me, upon this traffic, and had put in the claim of the wretched objects of it to the common rights and attributes of humanity. [*Loud Applause.*]—He repeated his thanks to the meeting for the flattering reception they had given him.

["The plainness of Mr. Randolph's appearance, his republican simplicity of manner, and his easy and unaffected address, attracted much attention. He sat down amidst a burst of applause."]

RUSSIA AND TURKEY.

The N. Y. Commercial Advertiser says, it will now be seen that so far from the intelligence previously received, of Turkey having lowered its tone, and shown a disposition to give up Moldavia and Wallachia, the Divan had resolved not to give up one single point, notwithstanding the continued efforts of the ministers of Great Britain and Austria, to induce the Sultan and his ministers to accede to the proposals of Russia. The Divan still behave in the most supercilious manner towards the European ambassadors, to whom they scarcely deign to return an answer to the diplomatic notes which the latter present: while the soldiers of Turkey continue to commit the greatest atrocities on the unfortunate Greeks, who are within their power. The accounts by this conveyance do not warrant the belief, that a Congress would be held for the purpose of settling the existing differences. On the contrary, it appears that the European Alexander was to have left his capital on the 4th of May, for Warsaw, to place himself at the head of his armies, and that all the letters from Russia and Poland up to the end of April, breathed nothing but hostility. The Turks too, are stated to have 18,000 men in Moldavia, Wallachia, and on the Danube, and betwixt that river and Mount Haemus, their whole forces, consisting mostly of Asiatic troops, are estimated at 200,000 men. It is obvious from these statements, whether the negociations going on, terminate in peace or in war, that both parties are preparing for the worst.

FROM THE U. S. SHIP FRANKLIN.

Extract of a letter from an Officer on board the U. S. ship Franklin, dated

VALPARAISO, Feb 14th, 1822.

"We arrived here on the 5th instant, after stopping two days at the Island of Juan Fernandez, famed as the residence of Selkirk, *alias Robinson Crusoe*. That island is a most miserable place, slightly garrisoned by the Chilian government, merely for the purpose of taking charge of exiles sent from that country. Our passage from Rio, though not a very short one, was tolerably pleasant; we were twenty days from the south-east extremity of the continent before we considered ourselves fairly on the bosom of the Pacific ocean, and although midsummer here, we had frequent squalls of snow and hail.

"With regard to the state of public affairs, it is very difficult to get at it. Chili is entirely free from any royal troops, but the government is still unsettled, and will probably remain so for some time. It is altogether military and of course despotic; in fact the people are too unenlightened to appreciate the blessings of a free government. The war in Peru is not yet over, although the Patriots have all the principal sea ports. The Royalists are still strong in the interior, and have possession of all the mining country. San Martin has quarrelled with [illegible]

Capt. Talem, who came passenger in the ship Trio, from Curracoa, states, that a proclamation was issued by Gen. Clemente, dated Maracaibo 23d May, giving "an account of an engagement which took place on the 7th of April, on the heights of Catocio, between the Colombians under general Bolivar, and the Royalists commanded by General Morgeon. The battle is said to have been very sanguinary, and the loss of the Spaniards, including their chief, very considerable. The details are not given. The above are all the particulars noticed in the proclamation; but they may be relied on as official."

New Saddles.—Mr. S. Fletcher, of Walnhall, N. Y. has taken out a patent for improvements in saddles, and saddle straps, saddle girths, and saddle cloths. The object is to render saddle girths elastic by attaching one end of the usual strap to a worm spring; when the body of the horse contracts, the elasticity of the spring is formed and tempered so as to allow the strap to which it is attached to draw out in a small degree, by the action of a power or weight equal to twenty five or thirty pounds; and its resistance is such, that not less than fifty or sixty pounds so suspended will closely compress it.

We learn, says the Baltimore Patriot, from an authentic source, that Gen. Wilkinson was in the city of Mexico in May last, where he meant to remain until November. He was received into the house of the Generalissimo *Iturbide*, and by him treated with great kindness. He had been a prisoner for some days at St. Juan de Ulloa—was released, and had nearly been drowned in reaching the shore. He had been for two years in a bad state of health, but was recovering. Grants of land in Texas had been checked.

Politeness.—The Charleston papers say that Mr. M'Duffie's pistol accidentally went off too soon. One letter states that both gentlemen behaved with the utmost urbanity and composure; another letter asserts that they behaved with the utmost *coolness and politeness!* This reminds us of the Frenchman in the Play—"I shall shoot you, Monsieur, with the high satisfaction and pleasure."—The ball has been extracted from the wound, and the patient is in a fair way of recovery. A friendly meeting has taken place between the principals in the duel, since that affair took place.

Counterfeit Notes of the denomination of five dollars, on the Harrisburg bank, are in circulation, tolerably well executed. The one presented at the bank on the 25th inst. is dated May 14th, 1818, payable to *H. Alward*, letter D No. 3 91. The plate is well imitated, varying somewhat in the bordering at the ends of the note, and that perceivable only by close comparison. The most striking variance from the genuine note is in the date and number, (particularly in the figures) and signature of the Cashier. The paper of the counterfeits are of a deeper red and more glossy than that of the bank.

We have just received information that the hon. William Lowndes, on his return from Washington, was thrown out of the stage, and was seriously injured. He was conveyed in an easy carriage to his residence, and considerable doubts of his recovery entertained. He was, we understand, a very delicate health previous to the accident.

Since the above was in type, we learn that the honorable gentleman sailed from Charleston on the 17th inst. in the ship Empress, for England.

A passenger in the Independence, at Nantucket, from New Zealand, informs, that as soon as the two Chiefs, who went to England, returned, they made war on the natives at the River Thames, and killed numbers, and that several heads of the Chiefs were brought to the ship. The Missionaries proceed but slowly in their improvement of the natives, as the latter are taken up so much in their private concerns and quarrels. Mr. Wm. and Fr. Hall are fine men and true Christians, and are beloved by all who visit the Bay of Islands.

Troops have been sent from Havana to reinforce the fortress of St. Juan de Ulloa, which was held by the Royalists.

Geneva, (N. Y.) June 19—A rep[illegible]

The Evening Post.

PHILADELPHIA.

Saturday, June 19, 1822.

It having been agreed by the counsel acting in behalf of the two parties in the congregation of St. Mary's Church, to select General Thomas Cadwallader, as umpire, to decide which of the candidates for the trusteeship were elected, by receiving the signatures of all the pewholders belonging to said church, he accepted it as testimony of public confidence, and has fulfilled its duties with that strict impartiality and liberal principle for which he is so eminently distinguished. The result of this investigation has been confirmatory of the choice of Messrs. John Leamy, John Ashby, John Dempsey, John Boyle, Patrick Connell, Joseph Dugan, Augustus Fagan and Joseph Strahan, as trustees for the ensuing year, there being, admitting the pew lately erected, a majority of sixty signatures in their favour. There is reason to hope that, after this candid appeal to the reason and good sense of the different individuals concerned, a spirit of fellowship will be reciprocated between them, which is so essentially necessary for the attainment of the benefits to be derived from Christian worship.

IRELAND.—The very great distress so generally prevalent throughout Ireland, at this time, seems to have excited the most heartfelt interest over the whole kingdom of Great-Britain, and measures have been devised, aided and abetted by many opulent houses, which are calculated to alleviate the sufferings of the Irish peasantry, and rescue them from the fatal shafts of the fell wretch, whose meagre form threatened the depopulation of this hospitable but ill-fated country. To afford them relief, we know, there are those in our own land who would willingly part with their last shilling. Kindred and brethren, though seperated by the broad waves of the Atlantic, still feel and acknowledge the bonds which bold their heart's best wishes in unison with the happiness of a host of dear and near relatives who inhabit the social shores of the Emerald Isle. Nothing is wanting but an opportunity, and the ready hand will open to extend its might towards this half-famished and afflicted nation. Shall it be denied, when our fields and our ware-houses are filled with a superabundance of the good things of this world? We hope not.—Certain means to promote such a laudable desire can be devised without much difficulty—it is only for some public spirited citizen to give a start to the work of charity, and it is contemplated. Subscriptions have already commenced in New-York and Baltimore—Philadelphia must not be wanting.

On this subject the editor of the Irish Correspondent says, "like the balm of consolation to the wounded heart, the generous behaviour of the people of England to their miserable brethren, the suffering peasantry of the South of Ireland, continues to operate as a charm. Even vice and villainy have paused in their foul work; and such is the quiet and grateful stagnancy which has succeeded to a desperate and ferocious activity, that men were ever more unlike others, than the peasantry of the South are, in many places, to what they were themselves a few weeks ago. The suffering of the moment is comprised in this, that the poor have little or no food, and persons of property have little or no money, in those places where famine wears its most severe aspect.—The generous and ardent labours of the government have been unsparingly exerted; but the grand effusion of benevolence which has burst forth from the heart of the English nation, has flattered and soothed, as well as served, those who are its peculiar objects—and the anti-anglicism of a late period is gone, never, let us hope, to revive, to sully, and

LAW INTELLIGENCE

The following novel case has been handed us for publication; any comments on it might possibly tend to excite feelings already suffering under the severe discipline inflicted at the moment when prudence had left her seat:

COMMONWEALTH, vs. JAMES STEWART, Piano Forte maker } In the Mayor's Court, June 24th, 1822.

The Defendant was indicted for an assault and battery on Robert Smith, (carver) and upon his arraignment, submitted to the Court. It appeared in evidence that during the absence of the defendant from the city, the prosecuter had issued a summons against him, which was left at his house.—The defendant returned previous to the time of appearance, and during an adjournment of the cause met the prosecutor in the street, where, after some altercation, he pulled his nose. The Recorder in passing sentence, observed, that he regretted the course pursued by the defendant on the occasion, inasmuch as it was one calculated *to bring the prosecutor into disgrace*, and promote a more serious breach of the peace—therefore adjudged that the defendant pay a fine of fifty dollars, with the costs of prosecution.

Ship Albion—Letters received yesterday by the Robert Fulton state, that M. Everhart, with the assistance of the mate, was about to draw up a narrative of the particulars of the loss of the *Albion*. Up to the 9th of May the weather had been so boisterous as to prevent all approach to the wreck. On that day it became calm, and the fishermen had succeeded since in saving all the specie except one keg.

MIRROR OF LIFE.

TO SHOW THE VERY AGE AND BODY OF THE TIMES, ITS FORM AND PRESSURE.

Two persons, one of them with a "Don" prefixed to his name, and both of them pretending to be agents from the South American governments, have been lately figuring off at Worcester, (Mass.) After running up pretty large scores at the houses where they lodged, they decamped, leaving Boniface minus in the whole of the reckoning.

Counterfeiter—A gentleman, calling himself John M'Neal has been committed for trial at York, (Penn.) charged with "amusing himself by passing several counterfeit five dollar notes of the Bank of Harrisburg. The notes are stated to have been executed in a very genteel manner.

William W. Woolsey, Esq. Treasurer of the American Bible society, received, during the month of May, $3096 45—and J. Nitchie, Esq. the Agent, has issued, during the same period, Bibles and Testaments to the value of $3194 56.

A bed of excellent Spanish Brown has been found on the lands of William Kirby, Esq. in Ticonderoga, Essex County, N. Y.

Distressing Occurrence—On the 1st inst. while a congregation were met for religious purposes in a beech wood, Knox township, Ohio, a thunder gust came on about the close of the service by which an old tree was thrown down and a woman and child so bruised as to occasion their death within a short time thereafter. Several others were also considerably injured.

Kidnapping—Thirty dollars reward are offered for the apprehension of one John Wetford, suspected of stealing a boy of 8 years of age, the son of a free man of color, residing in Frederick county, (Md.) Wetford is described as 5 feet 10 inches high, stout, and well made, pock-marked, a part of his nose bitten off, about 40 years of age, a great fighter, much inclined to stealing, and formerly in the Baltimore Penitentiary.

Intemperance—It was stated in the annual report of society at Portland, some years ago, that out of 83 persons in the work house of that town, 71 were reduced to that condition in consequence of intemperance.

Francis Garcia, a Spaniard, has been convicted at Charleston of passing a counterfeit Dollar.—The following is the sentence of Judge Johnson: "Garcia, you are a bad fellow and to [illegible] you

A fellow named John Bauseman, has been convicted at Baltimore, for kidnapping a negro boy, and sentenced to ten years imprisonment.

Colonel Reburn, who is said to enjoy the confidence of the Generalissimo Yturbide, has arrived at Baltimore from Mexico. A letter to the editor of the Baltimore Patriot says his object is to purchase, equip and man certain vessels of war for the service of his government.

The blacks of South Carolina, have lately manifested a disposition to revolt, and some preparations were made by the plantation negroes to attempt to take the city of Charleston. But prompt measures were taken to repel an attack and the fears of an insurrection are now dissipated.

The directors of the Bangor Bank state, that their losses by the recent failures in Boston are not so great as was at first apprehended, and that they are using every exertion in their power to convert their debts into cash, and hope to be able to resume specie payments *in a few months*.

A stranger, apparently about 35 or 40 years old, was found suspended by a cord from a pine tree, in Lebanon, N. H. last week. There was a large sore almost round his ankle, and a scar on his right; but he had neither pockets or papers, nor was there "any mark, sign, or trace," by which his name or residence could be discovered.

Caution—It should be generally known that atmospheric air, when suddenly compressed to a certain degree, becomes sufficiently heated to set fire to gunpowder; and therefore in loading a gun, the ball should be driven so slowly as to allow the escape of the air contained in the barrel. It is probable that almost all the accidental discharges of guns, which occur in the act of loading, arise from a sudden and violent compression of the air.

Mr. Elihu Sexton, of Chenango, a short time since, whilst in the act of loading his rifle, experienced some difficulty, from the elasticity of the air, in forcing down the ball, to overcome which, he made a sudden and violent effort, by which his gun was instantly discharged, the lock remaining unaltered. One of his hands was severely lacerated, whilst the charge including the ramrod, was driven through the other wrist.

From the Albany Patriot, June 19.

TORNADO—A violent tornado was experienced in the town of Groton, Tompkins co. on the 11th inst. sweeping (in a very narrow range,) for about five miles, houses, barns, trees and fences. Four houses and two or three barns were blown down.

The Rev. Mr. Chamberlin was so badly injured in the house of Mr. Berry, that he expired the next day; and two women, names not known by our informant, were injured by the falling of houses, and their recovery considered hopeless.

Solemn Warning—On the evening of the 25th ult a man by the name of William Clark, from Pittsburg, was killed by a stroke of lightning on the bluff in front of Natchez, (Miss.) while standing under a tree for shelter. This unhappy man had just been indulging in the most extreme profanity, insulting the majesty of Heaven in terms of wanton malignity, and amongst other dreadful expressions had just expressed a wish that the Almighty God would send a flash of lightning from Heaven to strike him to death. The thunder at this moment was raving and the lightning flashing through the Heavens, in the most appalling and terrific manner, and in a few moments the boasting tongue which breathed anathemas against its Maker, and the eye that had braved the evening flash, lay still and closed in death. He lay a scathed and withered corpse on the blackened earth; and his soul was wafted on the red wing of the tempest, to plead for mercy at the tribunal of the Deity, so lately outraged and defied. How weak and how wicked are the idle denunciations of man; to revile, to outrage his fellow man is wicked—to outrage, and to defy his Creator, is horrible.

The tucks in the gown of a young lady, says the Charleston Courier, (for all are young who wear them) are sweet little ladders of love, for him to climb up and be happy. The more numerous they are the loftier the aim, and the more ambitious the pursuit. As the truant and neat shrouds of a vessel indicate her readiness for sea, while a dismantled hull marks the period of uselessness and of repose, so the tucks on a gown indicate the youth, gaiety and elasticity of the wearer—while she who has no tucks in her gown, and has of course worn them all out, may as well be

COMMUNICATION.

NEW PLAY—On Monday evening, will be presented at the Tivoli Theatre, a new drama, from the pen of a young gentleman of this city, entitled *The Legend of Montrose, or the Highland Seer*, taken from the third series of the Tales of my Landlord. As it is the production of a native American, we hope it may prove worthy of a claim to the cheering patronage of a liberal and discerning public. O.

DRAMATIC SUMMARY.

Tivoli Theatre.—The performances offered for this evening are the Patriotic Melo Drama, of the Grecian Captive, or the Fall of Athens; after which the Comic Recitation of the Drunken Cobbler. A number of new pieces in rehearsal, which will speedily be brought forward.

Baltimore.—Mr. Cooper concluded his performances on Monday last. On Wednesday, the new popular drama of the Pirate, for the first time, and the Wandering Boys, or the Castle of Otival, were produced for the benefit of Mr. Warren.—Mr. and Mrs. H. Wallack were to take their benefit last evening, with the first representation here of the tragedy of Damon & Pythias, or the Test of Friendship. Rob Roy and Blue Beard was announced for the benefit of Mr. and Mrs. Burke this evening; Mr. and Mrs. Jefferson's benefit on Monday. The season closes on Wednesday evening next.

Richmond, (Va.)—The Richmond season has commenced, and Mr. Phillips lately made a very successful engagement—his benefit was crowded. Mr. Cooper left Baltimore for the same destination, and was to perform there on Friday. Mr. Hilson, the comedian, is also engaged for a few nights.

New-York.—At the Circus, on Monday evening, Mrs. Williams, the celebrated Female Equestrian, made her appearance, and went through a variety of feats to the gratification of a numerous audience. Mrs. Mosier's benefit took place on Wednesday, on which occasion, in addition to the attractions of the other performances, Miss M'Manus sung the Echo Song, &c. Bellmont, the young American Clown, was to take his benefit last evening. Mr. West and his company, it was expected, would shortly return to Boston.

At the Theatre, which was to close next week for the season, Messrs. Labasse and Talin performed on Thursday evening, in the grand ballet of the Siege of Tripoli, or Valour Triumphant. Last evening, was announced the second representation of the drama of the Grecian Captive, or the Fall of Athens, after which, for the last time, the grand ballet of action of La Belle Peruvienne. This evening, the Robbers, and the Siege of Tripoli, being the last night of the engagement of Monsieurs Labasse and Talin. On Monday, for the first time, the Grand Ballet of the Deserter of Naples, as performed at the Operas in Europe, with unbounded applause, for the benefit of Mons. Labasse.

Augusta, Geo.—The management of the theatre at this place has fallen into the hands of Mr. Hewitt, from whose enterprise and industry much may be expected. It is said he intends organizing an entire new company—and will proceed to the northern cities to make his engagements.

Forrest.—Forrest, the celebrated musical composer, lately made his first appearance before the Court of Vienna, in his opera of Zelmire which is said to be his *chef d'œuvre*. The music was applauded, but did not produce the enthusiasm which it excited at Naples.

Public Sale Report.

J. and W. LIPPINCOTTS & CO. Auctioneers

TEAS THOMAS SCATTERGOOD'S CARGO.

June 19, 1822.—{Terms 6 months}

YOUNG HYSON—207 chests,	86 a 87½ lb.	
654 do.	85 a 85½	—
415 do.	82 a 84½	—
230 ½ do.	87 a 87½	—
GUN POWDER—53 chests,	1,15 a 1,16	—
81 ½ do.	1,15 a 1,16	—
IMPERIAL—6 chests, 107 ½ do.	1,15	—
HYSON—115 10 catty boxes,	95	—

From June 22d, to 28th, 1822.

(Terms—$200 to 750, 60 days; 750 to 2000, 90; upwards, 4 months)

SUGAR—30 hhds. St. Croix,	12,20 a 12,60 cwt.	
27 bbls. Porto Rico,	9,15	—
3 hhds. do.	8,75 a 8,95	—
58 do. Muscovado,	10,25 a 11 50	—
10 bbls. do.	10,25 a 11 50	—
9 do. do.	10,30	—
16 do. Havana,	8,50 a 9 40	—
RAISINS—113 boxes Muscatell,	2,15 a 2,50 box.	
do. from	2,00 a 2,05	
Jolter		

MARRIED,

On Thursday evening, 13th inst. by the Rev. Philip F. Mayer, ISAAC WAMPOLE, Esq. to Miss CATHARINE GRAFF, daughter of John Graff, Esq. all of this city.

On Thursday last, by the Rev. P. F. Mayer, Mr. BENJAMIN F. JOHNSON, to Miss ELIZA, daughter of the late Jacob Witberger, all of this city.

On the 9th of May, by the Rev. Dr. Thomas Seergeant, Mr. SAMUEL WILLIAMS, to Miss SARAH WILLIAMSON, both of this city.

At Belle Air, near Wilmington, Del. on the 23d inst. by the Rev. Dr. Read, Mr. J. B. HASLAM, Merchant, to Miss CAROLINE E. GIRARD, both of this city.

At Reading, Pa. by the Rev. Mr. Muhlenberg, Mr. SAMUEL BYERS, one of the Editors of the Chronicle, to Miss MARY CHRISTINE, both of that place.

DIED,

On Monday morning, Mr. JAMES NEAGLE, Engraver, aged 53.

On Sunday morning, Mrs. ELIZABETH REES, consort of George Rees, aged 53.

On Thursday, Mrs. ANN CHURCHILL, wife of Stephen Churchill.

In this city, on the 13th inst. Mrs. CAROLINE B. WRIGHT, widow of James Wright, Esq. of South Carolina.

At Wilmington, Del. on the 18th inst. ANN FERRIS, wife of John Ferris—she was a Public Speaker of the Society of Friends.

ALMANAC.

1822 JUNE	Sun Rises	Sun Sets	High Water	Moon's Phases
29 Saturday,	4 36	7 24	10 3	
30 Sunday,	4 36	7 24	1 26	
1 Monday,	4 36	7 24	0 16	
2 Tuesday,	4 36	7 24	0 39	
3 Wednesday,	4 36	7 24	1 22	
4 Thursday,	4 37	7 25	2 4	
5 Friday,	4 37	7 25	2 40	

TIVOLI THEATRE.

Near the Centre Square, Market street.

This Evening, June 20th, will be presented the Patriotic Melo Drama, called the

Grecian Captive, or the fall of Athens.

After which Mr. Mestayer will give the Comic Recitation of

THE DRUNKEN COBBLER.

A stated meeting of the Pythagorean Literary Association will be held on Monday evening next, at 8 o'clock, at the usual place. Punctual attendance is requested, as the semi-annual election for officers will take place.

June 29 JOHN MATHIAS Sec'ry pro tem.

A Watch—Supposed to have been stolen.

On the night of the 5th inst. a man shabbily attired, entered the shop of the subscriber, and demanded of him, whether he wished to purchase a watch, to which he was answered in the affirmative. The watch was shown to him, but not being a judge of them, he requested the man to wait until he ran to a neighbours to ascertain its quality. When he returned, the man (who he was told appeared very uneasy during his absence,) was gone. The subscriber supposes the watch to have been stolen, and that the seller, fearing detection, decamped. The owner, by proving property, and paying for this advertisement, may have it again.

WILLIAM LEE,

June 29—1t No. 39 Jones's alley.

SEA BATHING.

Tuckerton and Philadelphia Stages,

OLD LINE.

Will commence running through the route in a day, on the 1st of July next, twice a week, as follows—Leaves Tuckerton every Monday and Thursday, about sunrise; and arrive at Camden in good time to cross in the City the same days. Returning, leaves Fish's Ferry, south side of Market street, on Wednesdays and Saturdays at sunrise, and arrives about sunset same days, at Tuckerton; where are good accommodations for Travellers. Passage through the Route $2.50, and the usual allowance of Baggage.

A Line will also leave Tuckerton every Tuesday and Saturday about sunrise, and arrive at Cooper's Ferry in good time to cross to the City. Returning, leave Arch Street Ferry every Monday and Thursday morning, and arrive about sunset same day at Tuckerton. Passage through $2.50. Usual allowance of Baggage.

THE OLIO.

"Variety's the very spice of life,
That gives it all its flavour."

"THE DARE OR CHANCE—*Imitated from the French.*

One night a youth and maiden met,
Who chanced to meet and play pequet;
To gamble neither being willing,
They only staked a modest shilling;
But soon the youth forgot the prize,
While glancing at the maiden's eyes.
Yet, he, by fortune favour'd, won,
Though not till Cupid's work was done.
So, softly squeezing her fair hand,
As o'er the cards they fair'ring stand,
He gently whispers, ere they part,
"I've lost a shilling—I, a heart."

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

THE PEDLAR—No. 11.

MILITARY DUTY.—One of the naval captains, in the time of Elizabeth, who was stationed at a particular post to watch the enemy, and knew it was death to disobey, receiving intelligence that they were sailing from an unexpected quarter, abandoned his cruising ground to carry the information to his admiral. The enemy were intercepted and captured.—The officer was sent to London.—"How dare you," said Elizabeth, "How dare you disobey your orders? You knew it was death." "Your Majesty," said the sailor, "I should be unworthy to command in the British navy if I hesitated to risk my life for my country." A Court was called: he was sentenced to death—and immediately reprieved. By this measure no precedent was afforded for disobedience.

A Picket belonging to the Duke of Marlborough's army, were found nearly starved to death, at a great distance from camp.—When the commanding officer was asked if he did not know that the army had marched, he answered, yes.—Why did you not follow, said the other—"*Because I had no orders,*" said the officer.

During the Revolution, while Governor Clinton lay at New-Windsor, anxiously watching the progress of the enemy, his guards fell in with, and took two spies, who were going with intelligence from Sir Henry Clinton to Burgoyne. One of them made confession of his instructions; but Governor Clinton was afterwards given to understand that he had *swallowed* the letter, with which he had been charged to Burgoyne.—The Governor immediately ordered a dose of Tartar emetic to be administered to him, the operation of which brought up a small *silver bullet*, in which was inclosed the letter!

THE PEEBLES BAILLIE.—In days of yore, (perhaps Waverly's time, sixty years since,) one of the Baillie from the worthy town of Peebles, happened to dine at a Whig dinner in London—"the majesty of the people," was given as a toast from the chair. The honest Baillie, whose ears had caught the sound greedily, though somewhat indistinctly, being at some distance from the seat of affairs, rose, and, with many apologies for his want of oratory, and a long trembling preamble, begged leave to return his thanks to the company for the polite and handsome manner in which the "magistrates of Peebles," with whom he had the honor of being connected, had been taken notice of.

A gentleman having some business to transact on board of a man of war, heard a whimsical dispute between five Irishmen about their mess, who wanted one out; therefore it was resolved to settle it by a fair rule, and thus decided—'Take Dennis from Morris you can't, but Paddy from Murphy there remains Teague—'Teague you are out of the mess.'

YANKEE CLOWN.—In one of the Courts of Judicature in Massachusetts, some 18 or 20 years ago, an uncouth young fellow of the age of 18, was introduced into court as a witness for the plaintiff—upon which the defendant arose and objected to his being admitted as a witness, "for (said he,) the does not know enough to understand the nature of an oath: therefore ought not to be allowed his evidence in this court—and to convince you, gentlemen, that this is the case, I will ask him a few questions." He then turned to the young fellow and said, "who made you?" To which the fellow awkwardly replied "I don't know: *I spose from Maine.*" His answer, gentlemen, I think is sufficient to convince you, that what I have said respecting him is true, without any further evidence; and sat down again. The young fellow by this time began to scratch his head, and feel

JAMES B. WOOD,

42 *SPRUCE, between Front and Second streets,*
(Near the Drawbridge, Philadelphia,)

MANUFACTURES and keeps constantly on hand, the Patent Wheat Fans, and the old Dutch Fans; likewise, Fans for cleaning Coffee and Rice, and all other Grain.

CUTTING BOXES, of a superior kind, may be had as above, and others of all sorts and sizes.

FARMING UTENSILS, of every description, for sale at reasonable prices.

Orders for Shipping, or other purposes, will be supplied at the shortest notice, on moderate terms. feb 2—tf

ALEXANDER PARKER,

RESPECTFULLY acquaints the public, that he has a general assortment of the first quality Garden and Flower Seeds for sale, at the MOYAMENSING BOTANIC GARDEN, Prime street, Love lane, near Eleventh street. Also, a large collection of Green House and Hardy Plants, Fruit and Ornamental Trees and Shrubs, with a fine selection of Bulbous Roots. Orders, per post, or left at No. 40 George street, Southwark, will be punctually attended to. march 23—tf

THE SUBSCRIBER

OFFERS for sale, at his Manufactory, No. 36 Carters Alley, a few doors from Third st. directly opposite Girard's Bank, an extensive supply of BOOTS and SHOES, of various kinds and qualities. Also, a handsome assortment of Eastern Shoes.
feb 2—tf JOSEPH COGGINS.

HAT STORE,

NO. 34 NORTH THIRD STREET, Philadelphia.
C. P. WILLMARTH offers to the public, whose patronage he solicits, Water-Proof imitation Beaver Hats, which are surpassed by none, in cheapness and durability. oct 27—tf

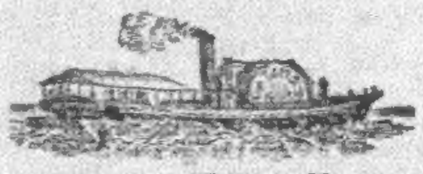
JOHN M'CLOUD, 46 Market street,

KEEPS constantly on hand, a large and general assortment of Ready made HATS, which he will sell at very reduced prices. Customers supplied at a short notice, on reasonable terms. feb 2—tf

JAMES BIRD,

BOOT AND SHOEMAKER,
NO. 25 north Tenth street, respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has commenced the Boot and Shoemaking business, and trusts by strict attention to merit a share of public patronage. feb 2—tf

Old Columbian Coach Line, FOR NEW-YORK.



Through in Twelve Hours.

VIA Bordentown and South Amboy, and only 30 miles land carriage, over a gravel turnpike. First line leaves the upper side of Market street wharf, every morning, at 6 o'clock, and arrives in New-York by steam boat Olive Branch, at six o'clock same evening. Breakfast and dine on board. Fare only $4.

Second line leaves the same wharf every day, (Sundays excepted) at 12 o'clock. Take coach at Bordentown, proceed to Perry's Hotel, South Amboy, where they lodge, and from thence by steam boat to New-York, where they arrive at 10 o'clock next morning. Fare only $3 50.

This line is inferior to none between the two cities as the coaches are all new, good horses, with careful drivers. The proprietors therefore solicit a share of public patronage.

For seats apply at Yohe's Hotel, North Fourth street, C. Bailey, U. S. Mail and Citizens Coach Office, No 30, south Third street, and at the steam boat office, No. 3, Market street.

John Bowman, Joseph E. Fisher, } *AGENTS FOR*
Chester Bailey, Wm. Arnel & Co. *PROPRIETORS.*
may 11—tf

FULLERS' BOARDS.

A FRESH supply of a superior quality, just received by BENNETT & WALTON,
6 mo. 22—tf No. 37 Market street.

COPYING PRESSES.

COPYING PRESSES, of various sizes, with Screws or Rollers, made by the Subscriber. The greatest objection to these Presses formerly was the high price, and their liability to get out of order—this has been remedied by making them on cheap and simple principles. The Screw Press will be found useful for a variety of purposes as well as copying, the upper and under surfaces being of Cast Iron, and turned perfectly even, may be used in taking impressions from Drawings, Type, &c. and as a Seal Press. The will be sold

S. PAGE & SON,

BROKERS, SCRIVENERS AND ACCOUNTANTS, No. 8, South Fifth street. Persons having money to put out at interest, may be accommodated with a variety of property in the city or county—Also, bills, bonds, and notes of hand discounted at their office, where Real Estate of every description, Mortgages, Military Lands, Stock and Ground Rents, are bought and sold on Commission; Naturalization Papers for Aliens drawn; Pensions secured; Mechanics' Books posted; Insolvents' Petitions drawn, and their business attended to throughout; Writings of all kinds correctly executed; Money always to be had on good security; and generally in the performance of all duties or services, wherein the aid of an agent or attorney, may be convenient or useful.

N. B. A Register of Real Estate, &c. kept open for inspection and insertion. Fifty cents charge for an entry. june 8—tf

VALUABLE STABLES.

FOR Sale or to Let, a range of Stables and Lot of Ground, on which the same is erected, containing 54 feet front and 70 feet deep, situate on the north side of Gaskil Street, between Fourth and Fifth Streets, containing Stalls sufficient for 40 Horses, with Sheds attached thereto, and Hay Lofts attached to the same, all in good repair. For further particulars, apply at the office of S. PAGE & SON, Brokers and Conveyancers, No. 8, South Fifth Street. june 15—3t

Bristol Property—for Sale,

AN Elegant Country Retreat, situate on the Banks of the Delaware, in the Borough of Bristol, a short distance above the Steam Boat Wharf. The lot is 130 feet front on the New-York Road, and in depth on the Delaware 227 feet, with a large two story Brick House, three rooms on the first floor, and four well finished rooms on the second floor, with a well finished Kitchen adjoining. Also, on the premises, a large Stable and Coach House, and a good Kitchen Garden, and a select quantity of Fruit Trees of every description. An indisputable title and immediate possession can be given. For further particulars, apply at the office of S. PAGE AND SON, Brokers and Conveyancers, No. 8, South Fifth Street. june 15—3t

TO LET,

A two story House in Sixth street, on the west side, first above the Millpond Bridge, containing two rooms on each floor, with two garrets, (one of which is plastered,) two good dry cellars, and a pump of excellent water at the door, in a healthy pleasant situation, one mile and a half from the city, opposite the Phœnix tavern.—Enquire on the premises, or of Mr. Esherick, No. 9 North Fifth street. april 13—tf

John and Thomas Cluley,

WIRE FENDER and CAGE MAKERS, No. 17 South Fourth street, next door to the Indian Queen, manufacture all articles in the Wire line on reasonable terms. Orders from any part of the U. States promptly attended to. feb 2—tf

BENJAMIN RICHARDSON,

LATE from Sheffield, File Manufacturer and Cutler, No. 77 SOUTH SECOND STREET, has commenced manufacturing Files, Table Knives and Forks, Razors of the first quality, warranted for use, Scissors made to order or pattern. Cutlery, of every description, ground, polished and repaired in the best manner, and at the shortest notice. Blades, of the best cast steel, put in Penknive handles, and warranted good; Table knives and forks repaired, either with new blades or handles; Old Files re-cut and made as new.
oct 5—tf

MECHANICAL WONDER.

THE citizens of Philadelphia went in crowds to see the Mechanical Museum when it was exhibited here, and more recently to the famous Androides of Mr. Haddock, and willingly paid for their admission; and hundreds travelled to Chesnut Hill and gave their dollar to see the ingenious contrivance of Redheffer. Who has not heard of the automaton, that could play chess, and of the other which was made to articulate words? both so celebrated in Europe. And who would not give a half eagle to see them? but all these wonders are surpassed by a piece of Mechanism now in this city, which is far more curious, splendid and surprising than any that have been exhibited for money.

This wonderful specimen of art consists in a beautiful golden bird, wrought to the life, and covered with brilliant plumage richly imitated in enamel. The beholder first sees only a superb box of gold and precious stones, ornamented with exquisite enamel painting; from this box the bird rises, and moving his head and wings in the most natural manner, he chirps his salutation and then pours out a song as rich in melody as that of the sweetest among the feathered choir, and after entertaining the auditor with this delightful music, vanishes suddenly from sight, leaving the spectator wrapt in pleasing astonishment. And how much does it cost to see this prodigy? The best of all is, it is shown freely without cost or charge, to all those whose good fortune leads them to purchase lottery tickets, halves or quarters, at

Gibbs' Lucky Office,
No. 41½ South [illegible] Philadelphia.

A. ATKINSON'S
SUPERIOR PATENT SPRING RIDING SADDLES, AND PATENT LAPORTE BRIDLES, &c.

HAVING purchased of JOHN J. MORRIS, of the city of New-York, the sole and entire right of making and vending his newly invented SPRING SEAT and SPRING POINTED SADDLES, within the city and county of Philadelphia, offers them for Sale,

AT HIS SADDLE & HARNESS MANUFACTORY, No. 5 North Fifth street.

Gentlemen are respectfully invited to call and see the principle on which they are constructed.—Nearly two years' trial of the above Saddles in New-York, has rendered comment unnecessary—confident of their utility he offers them to the public, that they may decide on their superiority.

The Laporte Bridles are constructed in such a manner as to curb the most vicious Horse without injuring him, and with perfect ease and safety to the rider. They are well adapted for Ladies, and persons not in the practice of riding, as it gives them full power over their Horses in cases of fright.—They can also be applied to Harness of every description. Also, for sale, an assortment of Superior STEEL and PLATED BITTS and STIRRUPS.

N. B. Gentlemen can be accommodated with Spring Saddles for trial, if required. june 15—tf

BALM OF COLUMBIA,

An important recent Chemical discovery.

THE ladies and gentlemen of this city and elsewhere, are respectfully informed, that John Oldridge has fortunately discovered, by the power of chemistry, the grand desideratum of preventing Hair from falling off in FORTY-EIGHT HOURS. This balm will most absolutely, in the course of a short time, make the Hair grow *healthy* and *thick*. J. O. is well aware that many fraudulent and impudulent Oils, &c. have been imposed on the public, and therefore prejudice will be severe against his discovery, until trial shall convince his patrons that such a thing exists in nature as a certain preventative against the loss of hair. This valuable balm will cause whiskers and beards to grow rapidly. No danger need be apprehended to the human system by the application of this capillary restorative. The public may rest assured that it helps nature, and is perfectly harmless.

Persons desirous of becoming agents for the sale of the Balm of Columbia, will please address the proprietor by letter, (post paid,) with a suitable reference.

Prepared and sold, at $1 a pint, or 50 cents for a half pint bottle, by JOHN OLDRIDGE, No. 55½ South Front street, and at No. 11 North Fourth street, Philadelphia.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

WE, the undersigned, do hereby certify, that we have, in various cases, used the Balm of Columbia, lately discovered by John Oldridge, of Philadelphia, and have found it highly serviceable not only as a preventative against the falling off of hair, but also as a restorative. We, therefore, feel assured of its excellence, and consider it valuable and well worthy the attention of the public. In testimony whereof, we have added our respective signatures, and given it our warmest recommendation.

Abraham A. Robinson, 55 South Front street.
Cromwell French, 1 Taylor's alley, S. Front st.
John Fink, Plumb street, between 3d and 4th.
John Cook, 35 Penn street.

The proprietor is in possession of many other respectable certificates, which he does not deem necessary to publish, but invites the public to call and see them. march 30—tf

FRENCH SCHOOL.

CHARLES KLOTZ returns his grateful thanks to the citizens of Philadelphia, for the encouragement he has received in this city, and hopes to deserve a continuance of public confidence by his assiduity and attention. He has opened a French Evening School, at his house No. 173 PINE STREET, for the instruction of Young Ladies and Gentlemen, at separate hours, in this useful Language. Terms, $5 per quarter, to be paid half in advance.

Lessons given to private families and Seminaries. C. K. is employed for the tuition of the French Language in two of the most respectable Seminaries in this city, where every satisfaction will be given as to his capacity.
march 23—6m

SEA BATHING.

DR. WILLIAM K. MASON

GRATEFULLY returns his thanks to his customers for former favours, and respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Philadelphia and other places, that he continues to keep the UNION HOTEL, in Tuckerton, New-Jersey, pleasantly situated at the corner of Front and Green streets, which is well arranged to accommodate families, parties, or individuals. They will be supplied with excellent Boarding, comfortable Lodging, and the best of Liquors, at moderate charges, with every attention that can be rendered to make their visit agreeable. Stages start from the Ferry, lower side of Market street, Philadelphia.

Tuckerton, N. J. June 5. (8—3m*

GEORGE ALLCHIN,

BOOK BINDER and GILDER on the edges of Books, Letter and Filligree Paper. Paper blacked on the edges for mourning, at No. 163 Vine Street, third door above Fifth Street, north side—Where he continues to manufacture Backgammon Tables and Chess Boards.

Orders from any part of the United States executed on reasonable terms. mar. 4—tf

The Bath Springs Property,

In the Borough of Bristol, on the Delaware,

ONE of the most excellent and famed Mineral Springs in the United States, as well as convenient and pleasing abodes for a private family, and capable of easily containing more, is offered for Sale or Rent, at a reasonable rate. One or several rooms alone can be rented, and convenient stabling for a large equipage. No other property in the Union can afford the same advantages for a seminary. Apply on the premises.
june 29—3m

ANDREW MOORE'S

TOOTH BRUSH MANUFACTORY, No. 119 North Third street, above Race street, Philadelphia, where he offers for sale, Tooth Brushes, of a superior quality. Also, Fancy and Common Brushes, wholesale and retail, on the most reasonable terms. All orders thankfully received, and punctually attended to. april 6—tf

QUILL MANUFACTORY.

KREYMBORG & HAGEDORN, No. 41 Chesnut, Philadelphia, has on hand and offers for sale, all kinds of Clarified Yellow and White Manufactured QUILLS, from $2 50 to $25 the thousand. feb 2—tf

Money to Loan on Mortgage.

SEVERAL Sums of different amounts, from one thousand to fifty thousand Dollars, to Loan on approved security in the City or County of Philadelphia. Apply to ISAAC ELLIOTT, No. 92 Chesnut street. feb 2—tf

New Leghorn Store,

NO 31, SOUTH SECOND STREET.

THE Store lately occupied by S. G. Fotterall and Co. is now occupied by Mrs. ENGELAND, who has just opened a large assortment of gentleman's, boys' and children's Leghorn Hats, common Straw and Cap Hats, ladies' Leghorn and Split Straw Bonnets, with a variety of Fancy Goods. june 8—tf

Cabinet Ware-Room,

No. 28 NORTH FIFTH STREET.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has on hand a variety of Fashionable FURNITURE, made of the best materials, which he offers for sale on reasonable terms. ☞ All orders promptly executed.
june 8—tf JOHN JAMES, jun.

A. NICHOLLS, Saw-Maker,

No. 118 SOUTH FRONT STREET,

HAS lately commenced manufacturing SAWS of various descriptions, such as Cast steel and German Hand and Pannel Saws, Cast steel and German Iron-back Saws, Brass-back Saws, &c. Wood Saw Webs, Breaking, Turning and Chair Webs, Lock and Key-hole Saws, Circular Saws, &c. &c.

Circular Saws, with Spindle complete, got up in the neatest manner.

Cotton Gin Saws, made to any pattern or order.

All the above Saws, in point of temper and workmanship, is warranted superior to any imported, which will be sold, wholesale or retail, cheap for cash. Also, on hand, a Stock of MECHANICS TOOLS, in general. feb 2—tf

Teeth One Dollar.

WILLIAMS performs every operation on the Teeth complete for $1. Filing, extracting and plugging a single tooth, 38 cents, if plugged with gold, 50 cents. Williams fixes teeth in the mouth, warranted to give satisfaction, for $1 50 a tooth. Williams gives information from the Italian, French, English and American authorities, calculated to insure good teeth for life. He also saves teeth in the same way his own were saved, the least painful of any of the English ways; there are three ways, by Hunter, Fox and Norton.
B. WILLIAMS, *Dentist,*
june 1—tf 161 Vine street, near Fifth.

Samuel Mason, jun.

CLOCK and WATCH MAKER, has Removed from No. 167 Chesnut street to No. 249 Market street, north side, between Sixth and Seventh streets, where he offers for sale, an assortment of warranted patent Lever, Repeating & Plain Watches. Also, Gold, Gilt and Steel Chains, Seals, Keys,